Long Term Care Violence Assessment Tool (VAT)

This form is to be completed by clinical healthcare worker or manager/supervisor.

SAFE WORKPLACES IN HEALTH	Resident's Name:ldentification #:
☐ Initial Assessment	☐ Reassessment

Section A: Risk Indicators

Read the list of behaviours below and identify behaviours that will require specific care interventions. A score of 1 is applied for past occurrence of any of the History of Violence behaviours; and additional scores of 1 are applied for each observed behavior. Add the scores — the maximum is 12.

HISTORY OF VIOLENCE:	SCORE			
Score 1 for past occurrence of any of the following:	JOOKE			
 Exercising physical force, in any setting, towards any person including a caregiver that caused or could have caused injury Attempting to exercise physical force, in any setting, towards any person including a caregiver that could cause injury Statement or behaviours that could reasonably be interpreted as threatening to exercise physical force, in any setting, against any person including a caregiver that could cause injury 				
OBSERVED BEHAVIORS: Score 1 for each of the observed behaviour categories below.	SCORE			
Confused (Disoriented – e.g., unaware of time, place, or person)				
Irritable (Easily annoyed or angered; Unable to tolerate the presence of others; Unwilling to follow instructions)				
Boisterous (Overtly loud or noisy – e.g., slamming doors, shouting etc.)				
Verbal Threats (Raises voice in an intimidating or threatening way; Shouts angrily, insulting others or swearing; Makes aggressive sounds)				
Physical Threats (Raises arms / legs in an aggressive or agitated way; Makes a fist; Takes an aggressive stance; Moves / lunges forcefully towards others)				
Attacking Objects (Throws objects; Bangs or breaks windows; Kicks object; Smashes furniture)				
Agitate/Impulsive (Unable to remain composed; Quick to overreact to real and imagined disappointments; Troubled, nervous, restless or upset; Spontaneous, hasty, or emotional)				
Paranoid / suspicious (Unreasonably or obsessively anxious; Overly suspicious or mistrustful – e.g., belief of being spied on or someone conspiring to hurt them)				
Substance intoxication / withdrawal (Intoxicated or in withdrawal from alcohol or drugs)				
Socially inappropriate / disruptive behaviour (Makes disruptive noises; Screams; Engages in self-abusive acts, sexual behaviour or inappropriate behaviour – e.g., hoarding, smearing feces / food, etc.)				
Body Language (Torso shield – arms / objects acting as a barrier; Puffed up chest – territorial dominance; Deep breathing / panting; Arm dominance – arms spread, behind head, on hips; Eyes – pupil dilation / constriction, rapid blinking, gazing; Lips – compression, sneering, blushing / blanching)				
TOTAL SCORE				
Resident's Risk Rating: ☐ Low (0) ☐ Moderate (1-3) ☐ High (4-5) ☐ Very High (6+)				

Completed By (Name/ Designation)_

Date: _

Section B: Overall Risk Rating

Apply the total behaviour score to the Risk Rating Scale to determine whether the resident's risk level is low, moderate, high or very high. Each level provides cues for further action to consider. If moderate or high / very high risk is determined, complete Section C to identify factors that may trigger or escalate violent, aggressive, or responsive behaviour and ensure the care plan includes measures to avoid or reduce risk behaviours identified.

Overall Score	Actions to take				
Low Score of 0	 Continue to monitor and remain alert for any potential increase in risk Communicate any change in behaviours, that may put others at risk, to the unit manager / supervisor Ensure communication devices / processes are in place (e.g. Phone, personal safety alarm, check-in protocol and / or global positioning tracking system) 				
Moderate Score of 1-3	 Apply flag alert Promptly notify shift supervisor so they can inform relevant staff and coordinate appropriate resident placement, unit staffing, and workflow Alert back-up staff / security / or police and request assistance, when needed Scan environment for potential risks and remove if possible Ensure section c is completed and initiate the violence prevention care planning process – care plan should address known triggers, behaviours and include safety measures appropriate for the situation for both residents and workers Use effective therapeutic communication (e.g. Maintain a calm, reassuring demeanor, remain non-judgmental and empathetic, and provide person-centered care Be prepared to apply behaviour management and self-protection teachings according to organizational policy/ procedures that are appropriate for the situation – training programs provided. Collaborate with behavioural supports trained staff / psychogeriatric resource consultant as required Ensure communication devices / processes are in place (e.g., phone, personal safety alarm, check-in protocol and / or global positioning tracking system) Communicate any change in behaviours, that may put others at risk, to the shift supervisor Inform client or SDM of VAT results, when safe to do so Other: 				
High Score of 4-5 OR	 Apply flag alert Promptly notify shift supervisor so they can ensure relevant staff are on high alert and prepared to respond Alert back-up staff / security /police and request assistance when needed Scan environment for potential risks and remove if possible 				
Very High Score of 6+	 Ensure section c is completed and initiate the violence prevention care planning process— care plan should address known triggers, behaviours and include safety measures appropriate for the situation for both residents and workers Use effective therapeutic communication (e.g., maintain a calm, reassuring demeanor, remain non-judgmental and empathetic, and provide person-centered care Be prepared to apply behaviour management and self-protection teaching appropriate for the situation in accordance to organizational policy / training programs provided. Initiate applicable referrals Collaborate with behavioural supports trained staff / psychogeriatric resource consultant as required Ensure communication devices / processes are in place (e.g., phone, personal safety alarm, check-in protocol and / or global positioning tracking system) Communicate any change in behaviours, that may put others at risk, to the unit manager / supervisor Call 911 / initiate code white response as necessary Inform client of vat results, when safe to do so Other: 				

Section C: Contributing Factors

Physical, psychological, environmental, and activity triggers can lead to or escalate violent, aggressive or responsive behaviours. Documenting known triggers and behaviours and asking your resident or substitute decision maker (SDM) to help identify them can help you manage them more effectively and safely. Use the information collected and the intervention resources listed on p.2 and p.11 to develop an individualized violence prevention care plan and a safety plan to protect workers at risk.

QUESTION FOR RESIDENT:	CONSIDERATIONS – Select any that Apply						
	PHYSICAL	PSYCHO	LOGICAL	ENVIRONMENTAL	ACTIVITY		
To help us provide the best care possible, please describe if there is anything during your stay that could cause you to become agitated, upset or angry e.g., I am agitated when	ase describe if there is ang your stay that could become agitated, upset □ infection □ new medication □ loss of control □ being told to □ height leafur.		lected ntrol to calm down	☐ noise ☐ lighting ☐ temperature ☐ scents ☐ privacy ☐ time of day ☐ days of the week ☐ visitors ☐ small spaces/ overcrowding ☐ other	□ bathing □ medication □ past experiences □ toileting □ changes in routine □ resistance to care □ other		
What works to prevent or reduce the behaviour(s)	☐ Go for a walk ☐ Listen to music ☐ Watch TV ☐ Draw ☐ Read (Bible/Book)		Identify potenti	DE-ESCALATION TECHNIQUE ial de-escalation strategies using above e, actively listen, offer choices, give eye	information such as respect		
e.g., When I am agitated, it helps if I	☐ Have space and time alo☐ Talk 1:1 with ☐☐ Participate in activities☐ Consult a family member	(who?)					